

Monthly Bulletin of National Tuberculosis Programme

Ashwin, 2081

Highlights

- A total **2503 Drug-Susceptible (DS)** TB cases were reported in Ashwin 2081
- A total of **38 Drug-Resistant (DR)** TB cases were reported in Ashwin 2081
- Madhesh Province reported the **highest** number of TB cases in this month
- Total number of deaths were **106**
- Out of 2503 registered cases, **180 (7.2%)** were smokers
- HIV status was known in 2290 (**91.48%**) of registered TB cases
- DST status was known for 995 (**73.3%**) out of 1462 of bacteriologically confirmed pulmonary TB cases

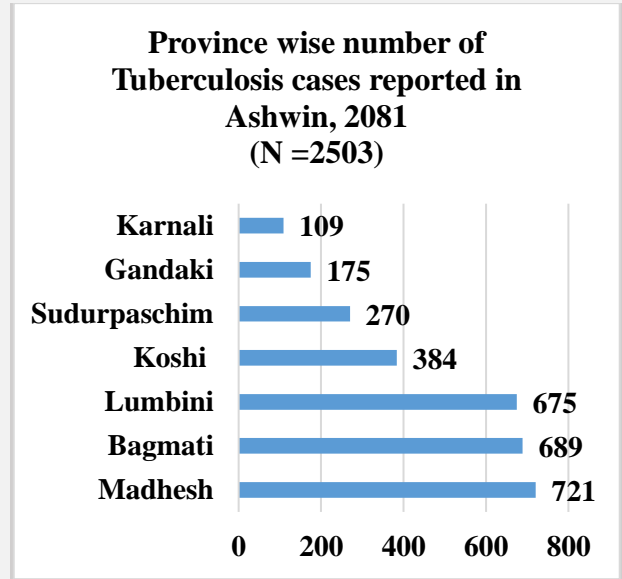


Fig: 1: Province wise Notified TB cases in Ashwin, 2081

Note: This monthly Bulletin is based on the information reported in DHIS2 through the Health Management Information System (HMIS) from health facilities including a comparison of the last twelve months. The data was archived on 10 Mangsir 2081.

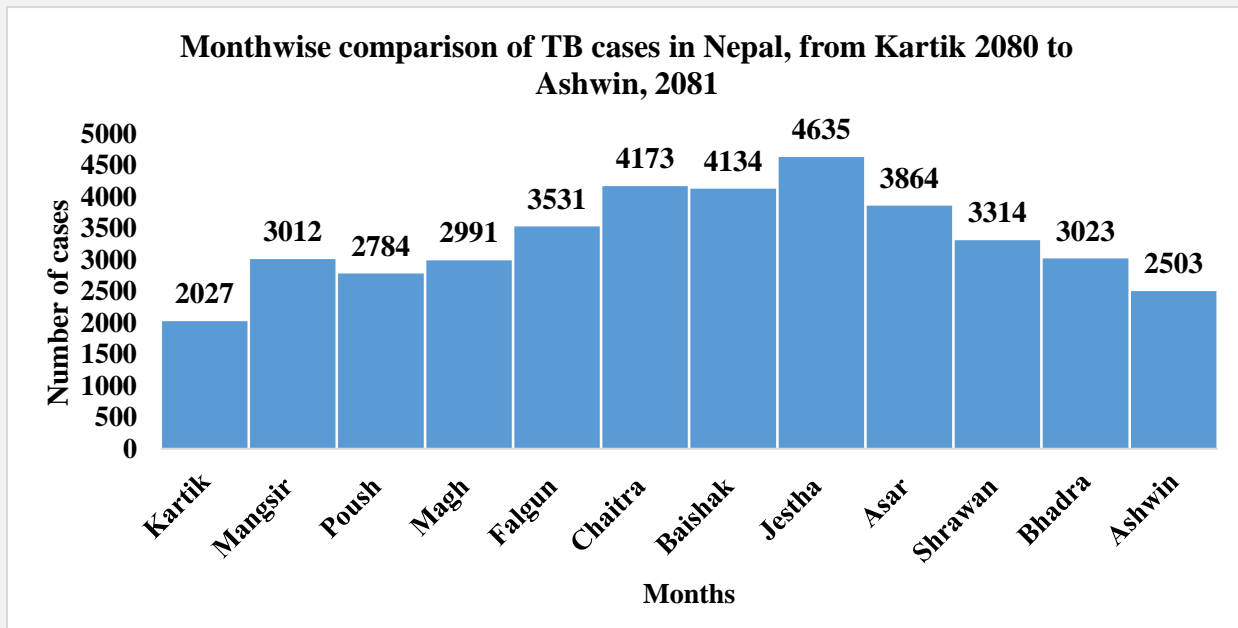


Figure 2: Month wise distribution of registered TB cases

In the twelve months' period (figure 2) shows that the highest TB cases (4635) were reported in Jestha, 2081 and the least cases (2027) were in Kartik, 2080.

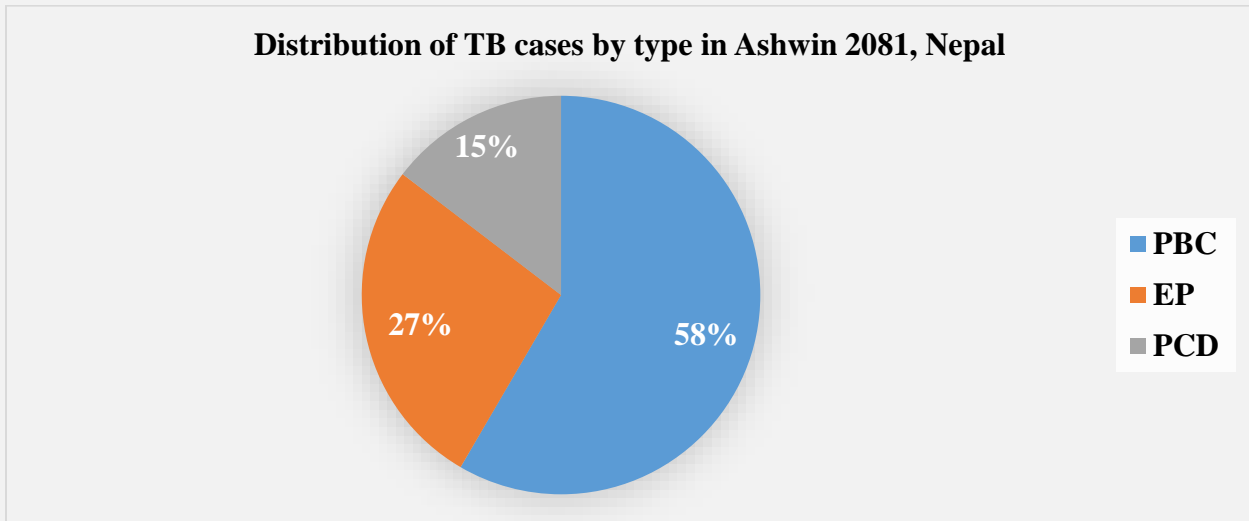


Figure 3: Distribution of TB cases by type of TB (2503)

Among the total notified cases in Ashwin, 58.0% were Pulmonary Bacteriologically Confirmed (PBC) cases, 15.0% were Pulmonary Clinically Diagnosed (PCD) and 27.0% were Extra-Pulmonary (EP) TB (Figure 3).

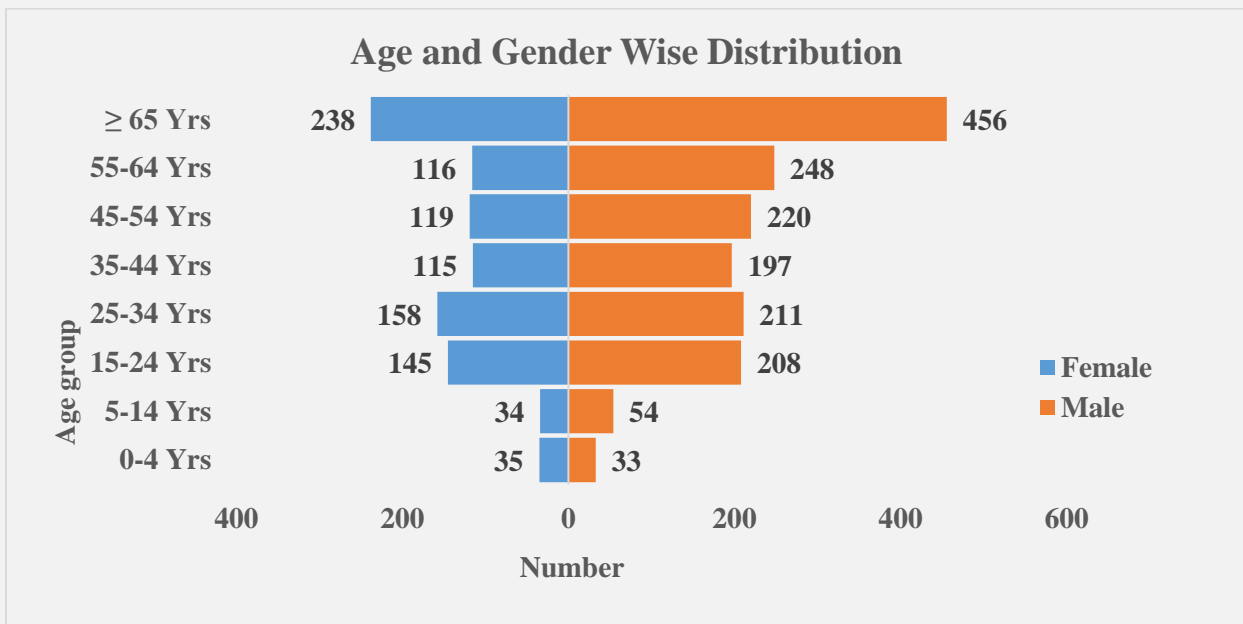


Figure 4: Age and gender-wise notified TB cases

Out of total, two thirds were male (63.0%) compared to female (37.0%). Regarding the age group, the majority were from 65+ years with 694 (27.0%) and the least were from the 0-4 years age group with 68 cases (3.0%).

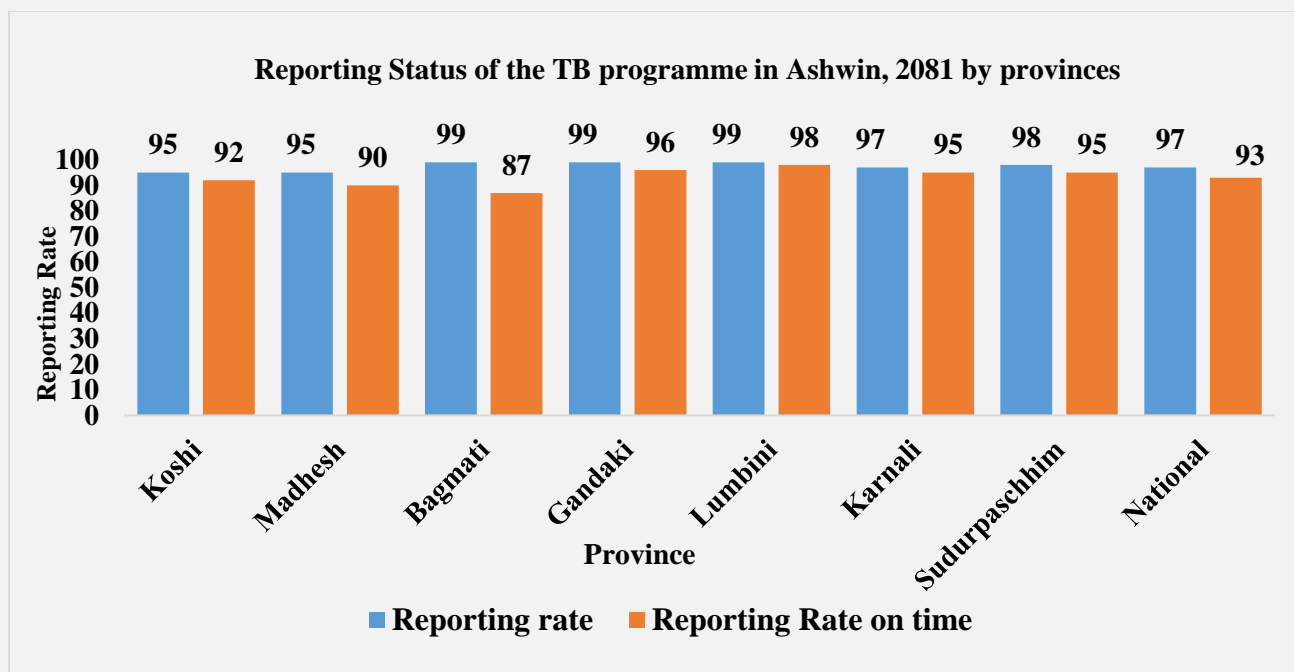


Figure 5: Reporting status of the TB programme by provinces

Bagmati, Gandaki and Lumbini Province had highest reporting rate while only 87.0 % health facilities had reported on time from Bagmati Province. The nationwide reporting status in Ashwin 2081 in terms of completeness and timeliness was 97.0 % and 93.0 % respectively (Figure 5).

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